

URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF NEW HUNSTANTON.Year: 1942.

Area (in acres): 1498 (including 434 acres of Foreshore).

Registrar-General's estimate of

- (a) resident population, mid 1942: 2921  
 (b) average population appropriate to the calculation  
     of death rates 2750.

Number of inhabited houses (end of 1942) according to Rate Books: 977.

Rateable value and sum represented by a penny rate. £26,850. £88-12-2.

Social conditions, including the chief industries carried on in the area, and the extent of unemployment. None.

Vital Statistics.

	Total.	M.	F.	Birth rate per 1,000 estimated resident population mid 1942: 14.9
Live Births	Legitimate 39	20.	19.	
	Illegitimate 2	1.	1.	
Stillbirths		1.	0.	Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births: 23.8
Deaths		36.	16.	Death rate per 1,000 estimated average population: 13.09
Deaths from puerperal causes:-				
	Deaths.			Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) Births.
No. 29 Puerperal sepsis:	0			0
No. 30 Other puerperal causes	—0			—0
Total:	—0			—0

Death rate of Infants under one year of age:- None.

All infants, per 1,000 live births: None.

Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births: None.

Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live births: None.

Deaths from Cancer (all ages): 4 (2 Male and 2 F).

Measles (all ages): ---

Whooping Cough (all ages): ---

Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age): ---

Particulars of any unusual or excessive mortality during the year which has received or required comment: None.

Any causes of sickness or invalidity which have been specially noteworthy in the area during the year; any conditions of occupation or environment which appear to have had a prejudicial effect on health; and any evidence, statistical or otherwise, that unemployment has exercised any significant influence on the health or physique of children or adults: None.

SECTION B. General Provision of Health Services for the Area.

1. One Part-time Medical Officer of Health. Building Surveyor and Sanitary Inspector. District Nurse.
2. a. Laboratory facilities: None other than County Laboratory.  
 b. Ambulance facilities: For non-infectious and accident cases a Motor Ambulance is provided by a Local Committee of St. John Ambulance Brigade and British Red Cross Society conjointly, for use in the District. It is worked by a Local Committee and is self-supporting as far as possible.  
 c. Nursing in the home: The District Nurse undertakes this.



- d. Treatment Centres and Clinics, including Clinics used solely for diagnosis or consultation: This work is undertaken at the King's Lynn Hospital.
- e. Hospitals: Public and Voluntary: None other than the King's Lynn Hospital.

SECTION C.

## Sanitary circumstances of the Area.

Sixty cottages in the North Ward are still being dealt with on the pail system pending post-war extension of main sewerage facilities to allow of conversion. These are cleared weekly, and general house refuse is removed on a weekly basis and destroyed at the Council's incinerator.

All premises where infectious disease has occurred have been disinfected and cleansed, in addition to four buildings where bug infestation had taken place.

Sewers and disposal works have been maintained in a sanitary condition, and house drainage and structural defects have called for notices, all of which have been complied with.

SECTION D.

## Housing.

No definite action has been taken in this direction. This matter is receiving the Council's consideration at the present time.

SECTION E.

## Inspection and Supervision of Food.

Milk Supply. Regular inspection has been carried out, and Quarterly samples were submitted to the County Laboratory for Biological tests, all of which proved negative. Only one Certificate under the (Special Designations) Orders has been issued.

Meat and other Foods. Some hundred visits to Slaughterhouses and Food Stores were carried out. 104 lbs of meat has been condemned and destroyed, and in addition 59 lbs of canned meat, cheese, fish and tomatoes were also similarly dealt with.

SECTION F.

## Prevalence of, and control over, Infectious and other Diseases.

Not sufficient to call for comment.

Diphtheria Immunisation:

Prophylactic used:- Government supplied A.P.T. (B.W. & Co).

<u>Under 5 years.</u>	<u>Number immunised.</u>	<u>Total.</u>
	<u>5 - 15.</u>	
39.	53.	92.

Existing facilities for typing pneumococci and provision of appropriate type sera: None.

Notifiable Diseases during 1942.

<u>Disease.</u>	<u>Total cases notified.</u>	<u>Cases admitted to Hospital.</u>	<u>Total Deaths.</u>
Smallpox	...	0	0
Scarlet Fever	...	1	0
Diphtheria	...	0	0
Enteric Fever (including Paratyphoid)	0	0	0
Puerperal Fever	0	0	0
Puerperal Pyrexia	1	0	0
Pneumonia	5	0	0
Whooping Cough	4	0	0
Measles	4	0	0

and the other side of the world. It is a very  
large country and has many different  
types of terrain and climate.

### What will the future hold for Brazil?

The future for Brazil is uncertain. It is a large  
country with many challenges ahead. The  
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The government is working to improve  
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3. Tuberculosis.

It has not been necessary to take any action.

4. Tuberculosis.

New cases and mortality during 1942.

Age periods.	<u>New cases.</u>				<u>Deaths.</u>			
			Non				Non	
	Respiratory.	Non Respiratory.	M.	F.	Respiratory.	Non Respiratory.	M.	F.
0 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 -	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0
15 -	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
25 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35 -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45 -	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55 -	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
65 and upwards	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals:</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

2 (1M and 1F) Deaths in Registrar-General's Return.

W.H.Bull M

Medical Officer of Health,  
New Hunstanton U.D.C.

